

### Fire Resistance Rating = Fire Wall...WRONG!

### Overview

- Fire resistance rated construction is used for:
  - Confine the fire
  - Contain the effects of the fire and the products of combustion
  - Protect people and property
  - Provide structural stability
  - Will follow Chapter 7 of the IBC 2015 Edition



### **Objectives**

- Upon completion of the seminar the participant will be able to:
  - Distinguish the difference between fire resistance and fire protection ratings
  - Identify the performance characteristics of different types of fire-rated construction



### Terminology

- Fire resistance rating The period of time a building element, component or assembly maintains the ability to confine a fire, continues to perform a given structural function, or both, as determined by the tests, or the methods based on tests, prescribed in Section 703.
- ASTM E119



### Terminology

- Fire protection rating The period of time that an opening protective assembly will maintain the ability to confine a fire as determined by tests prescribed in Section 715. Ratings are stated in hours or minutes.
  - NFPA 252, NFPA 257



### Fire Tests – Fire Resistance Rating

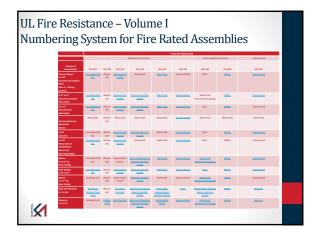
- ASTM E 119 Conditions of Acceptance
- Average temperature rise and maximum temperature rise on exposed surface or of the element
- For barriers, flame and hot gases do not pass to ignite cotton waste
- Maintain the structural load
- Pass a hose stream test depending on the element and the fire resistance rating



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## Fire Resistance Ratings



### Fire Tests – Fire Protection Rating • NFPA 252/NFPA 257 Conditions of Acceptance • Remain in place • Minimal openings • Limits on flaming on unexposed surface • Pass the hose stream test on most assemblies

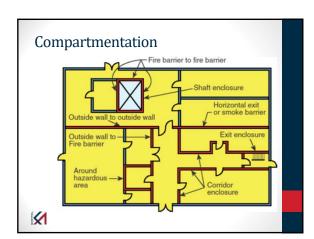


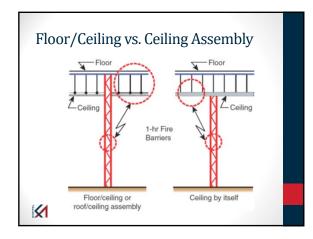
# Fire Rated Glazing

### Performance Requirements

- Fire Walls
- Fire Barriers
- Fire Partitions
- Shaft Enclosures
- Horizontal Assemblies
- Exterior Walls







### **Other Performance Factors**

- Structural support
- Protection of openings
- Projection of penetrations
- Protection of joints



### Fire Walls

- Purpose
  - Create separate buildings
  - Establish fire compartment
    - Maximum foreseeable loss (MFL)



### Fire Wall Performance Criteria

- Allow collapse on either side without collapse of wall
- Noncombustible except Type V construction
- Fire resistance ratings
- Range from two hours to four hours
- Continuity
  - At least to the exterior wall or roof
  - Some instances require parapets or wing walls
- Limitations on openings
  - 156 sq. ft. or sprinkler protection
  - 25% of the length of the wall
- Penetrations and joints



### Fire Barriers





### Fire Barriers

- Purpose (Uses)
  - Shaft enclosures
  - Exit enclosures
  - Horizontal exits
  - Atrium
  - Incidental use areas
  - Control areas
  - Occupancy separations
  - Fire areas



### Fire Barrier Performance Criteria

- Fire resistance ratings
- Generally range from one hour to four hours
- May allow one hour reduction for sprinklers
- Continuity
  - Outside wall to outside wall
  - Floor to floor/roof above
- Structural support
  - Required except for non-rated building construction types
- Openings
- Penetrations
- Joints



### Doors in Fire Barriers

- Tested in accordance with NFPA 252
- Installed in accordance with NFPA 80
- Automatic or self-closing
- Self-latching
- Varying ratings from 20 minute to 60 minute depending on application



### Fire Door





### NFPA 80, Fire Doors and Windows

- Frames
- Labeled
- Clearance (between doors and between door and frame)
  - Steel 1/8 in. (0.32 cm), <u>+</u>1/16 in. (0.16 cm)
  - Wood 1/8 in. (0.32 cm)



### NFPA 80, Fire Doors and Windows

- Historical clearance (between doors and floor)
- No sill ¾ in. (1.9 cm)
- Non-combustible sill 3/8 in. (0.95cm)
- Tile 5/8 in. (1.6 cm)
- Class I or II carpeting ½ in. (1.3 cm)
- Current requirement ¾ in. (1.9 cm)



### **Protective Plate**





### Window Assemblies in Fire Barriers

- Permitted in  $\leq$  1 hr fire barriers
- ≤ 25% of fire barrier area
- Tested in accordance with NFPA 257
- Installed in accordance with NFPA 80



### Types of Fire-Rated Glazing Materials

- Wired glass
- Typically limited in size
- Caution if area subject to human impact
- Ceramic Glass
- Typically limited to 45 minutes
- Category II safety glazing material
- Special Tempered Glass
  - Typically limited to 20 minutes without hose stream (doors)
  - Category II safety glazing material



### Penetrations in Fire Barriers





Penetrations in Fire Barriers	
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### Fire Partitions

- Purpose (Use)
  - Dwelling and sleeping room separation
  - Tenant separations
  - Corridors
  - Elevator lobbies





### Fire Partition Performance Criteria

- Fire resistance rating
  - Generally range from 30 min to 1 hr
- Continuity
  - Floor to floor/roof above or fire-resistance rated assembly
- Structural support
  - Required except for certain fire partitions in non-rated building construction types
- Openings
- Penetrations



### **Shaft Enclosures**



### **Shaft Enclosures**

- Fire barrier with modifications
- Openings
- Limited for exit enclosures
- Penetrations
  - Limited for exit enclosures



### **Smoke Barriers**

- Building compartmentation typically found in health care and detention and correctional occupancies
- Typically one-hour fire resistance rating
- Continuity
- Floor to floor/roof above
- Structural support
  - Required except for non-rated building construction types
- Openings L-rating requirements
- Penetrations L-rating requirements



### **Smoke Partitions**

- Limited applications
- Corridor walls in health care occupancies
- Typically non-rated walls
- Continuity
- Floor to floor/roof above or ceiling capable of resisting the passage of msoke
- Structural support no requirements
- Openings approved material
- Penetrations approved material



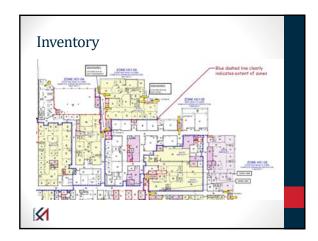
### **Horizontal Assemblies**

- Fire resistance ratings
- Continuity
- Openings/penetrations



Horizontal Assemblies	
Exterior Walls	
Exterior Walls  • Fire resistance rating • Type of construction if load bearing • Fire separation distance • Special situations • Continuity • Openings • Penetrations	

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### **Objectives**

- Upon completion of this seminar the participant will be able to:
- Distinguish the difference between fire resistance and fire protection ratings
- Identify the performance characteristics of different types of firerated construction



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