Testing of Fire Resistance and Smoke Resistant Assemblies



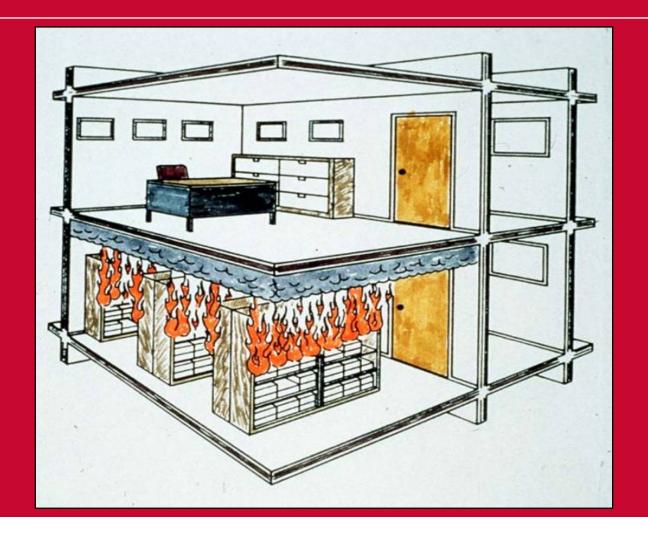
Jon Roberts
UL Codes and Advisory Services

Fire Containment

- Fire Resistance Rated Construction
- Breaches in Resistance Rated Construction
- Through and Membrane Penetration Fire Stop Systems
- Opening Protectives
- Where To Find Related Information



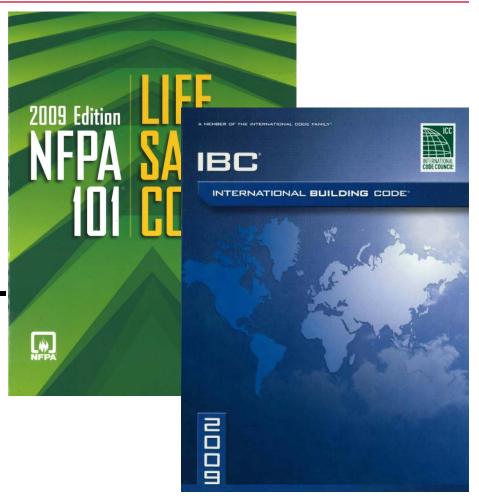
Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction





Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction

Code
Requirements
for
Fire-ResistanceRated
Construction





Code Requirements

- IBC Section 703.2 Fire-resistance ratings shall be determined in accordance with ANSI/UL 263 or ASTM E119
- LSC 8.2.3.1 The fire resistance of structural elements and building assemblies shall be determined in accordance with test procedures set forth in NFPA 251 (i.e. ANSI/UL 263 or ASTM E119)



Fire Resistance

- Expressed as an Hourly Time Period
- Ratings range from 1/2 to 4 hours

Containment of Fire to Room or Floor of

Origin





Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction

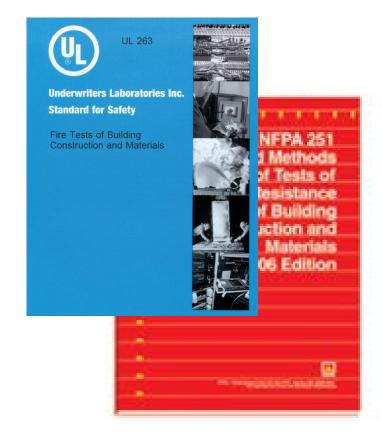
Establishing Fire-Resistance Ratings





Test Standards

- ANSI/UL 263
- ASTM E119
- NFPA 251 (Withdrawn)



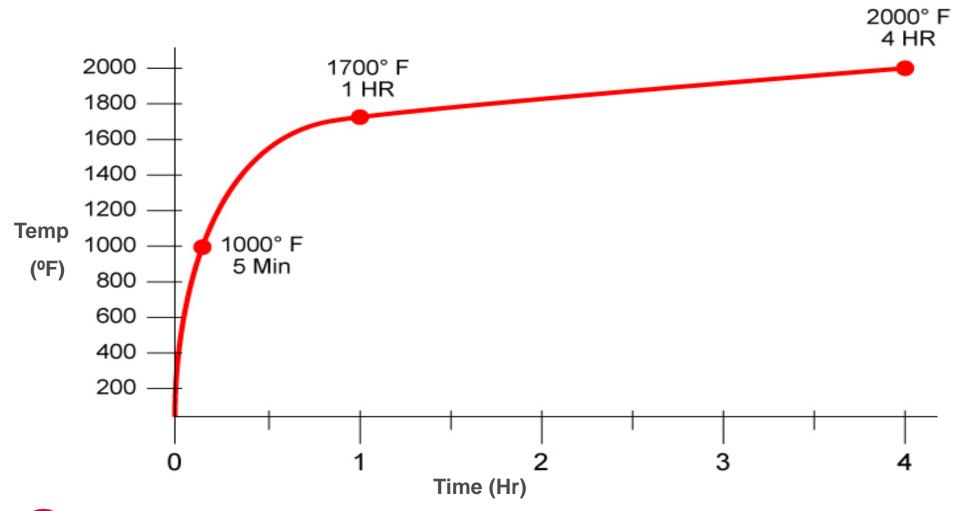


Building Components

- Columns
- Beams
- Floor/Ceilings or Roof/Ceilings
- Walls



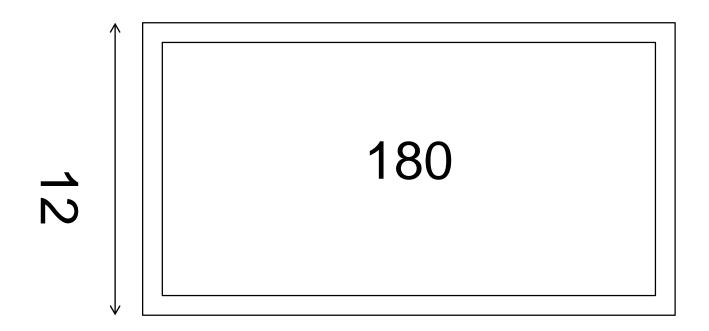
Time - Temperature Curve



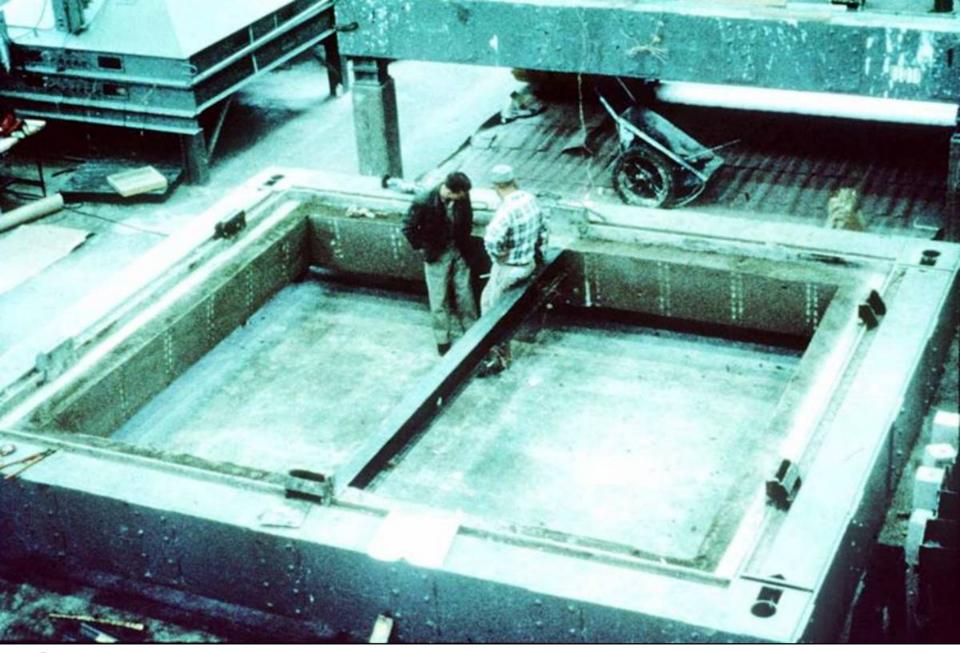


Floor/Ceiling or Roof/Ceilings

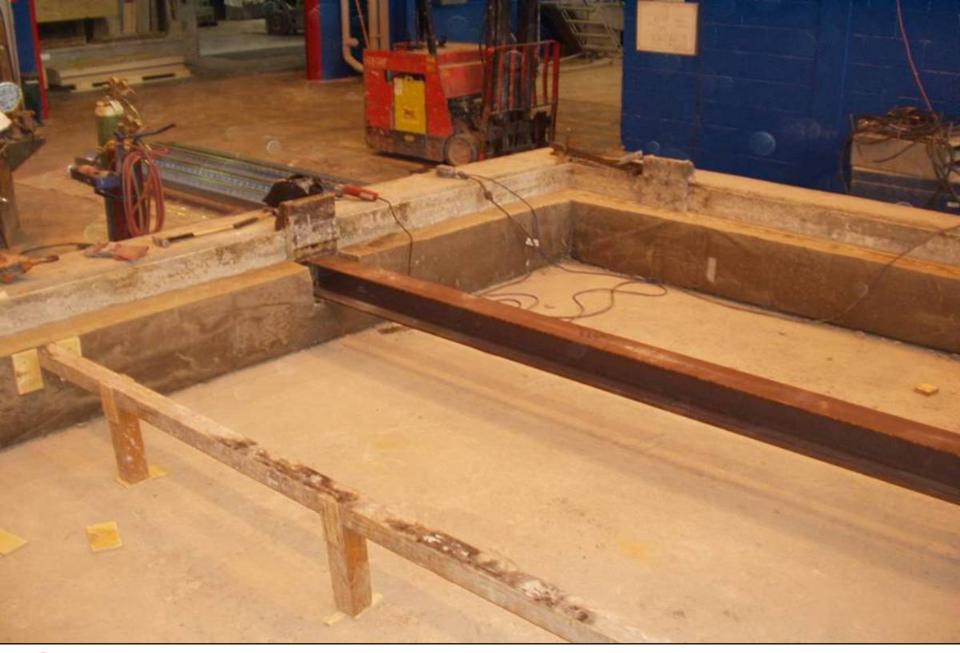
- Minimum Sample size –180 sq ft / 12 ft
- Load applied Per design







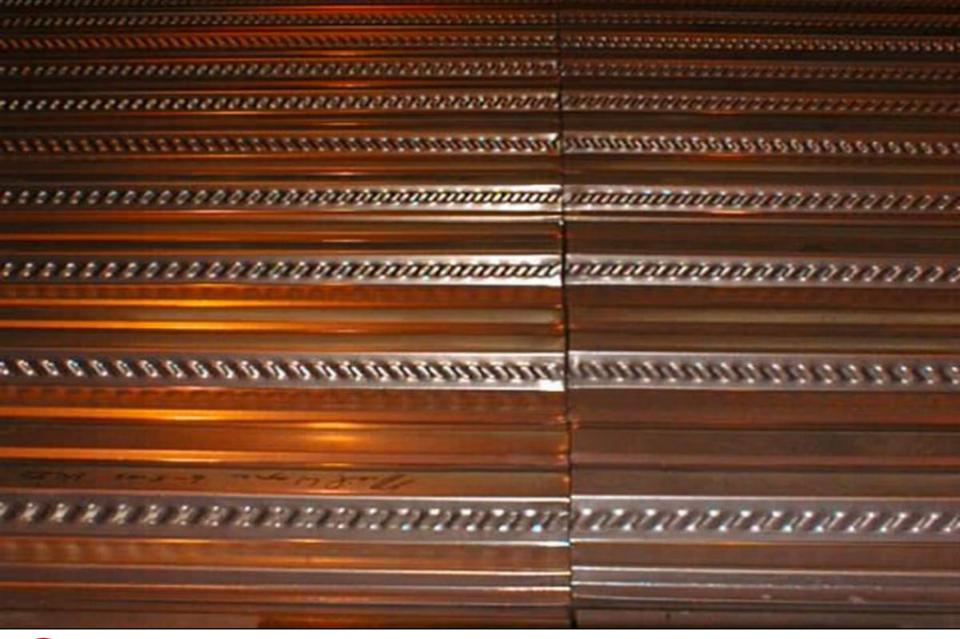










































Conditions of Acceptance Floor/Ceilings or Roof/Ceilings

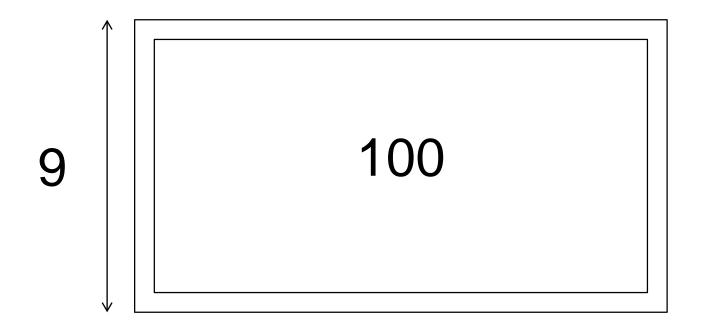
- Support load
- Flame passage
- 250°F / 325°F
- Support structure temp 1100/1300



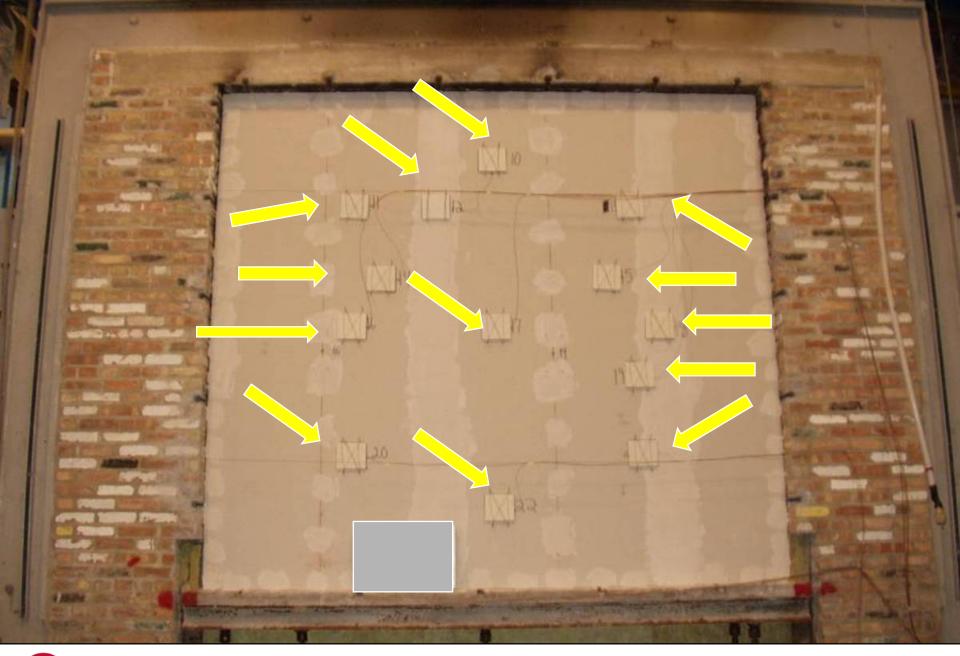


Walls

- Minimum Sample size 100 sq ft / 9 ft
- Load applied Per design



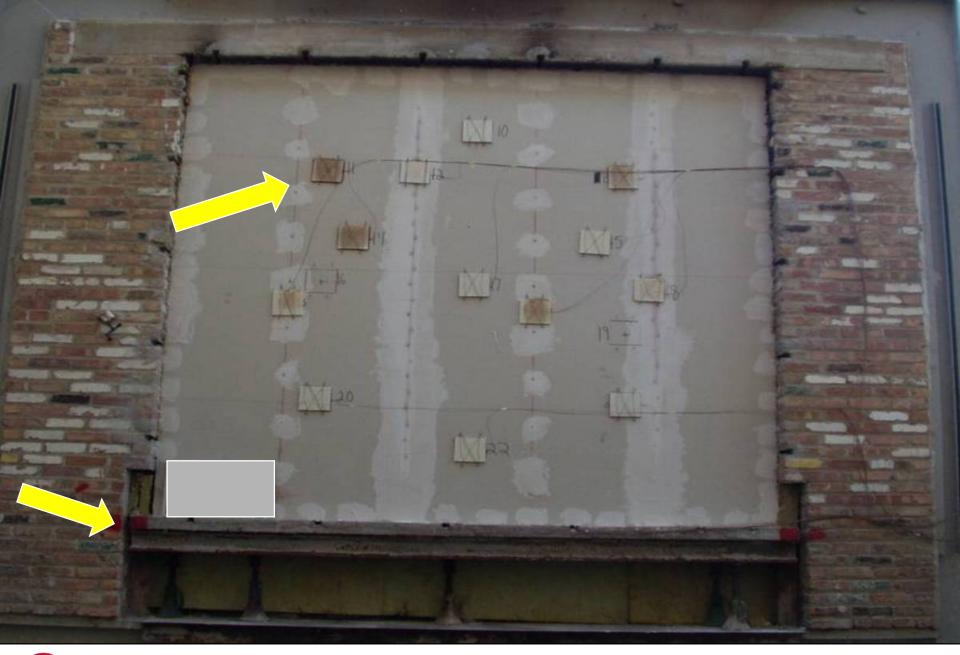




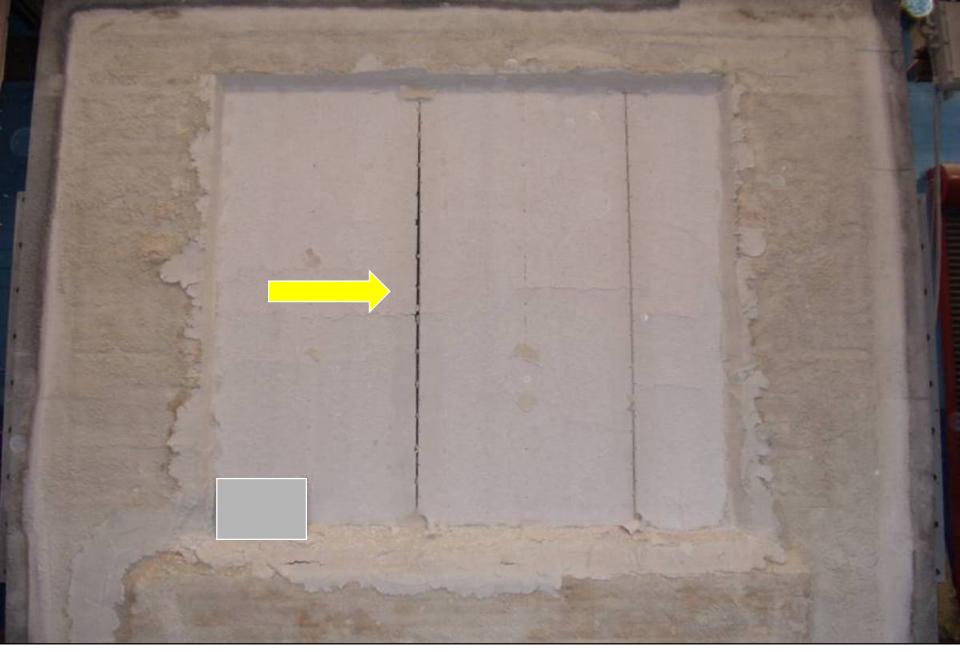




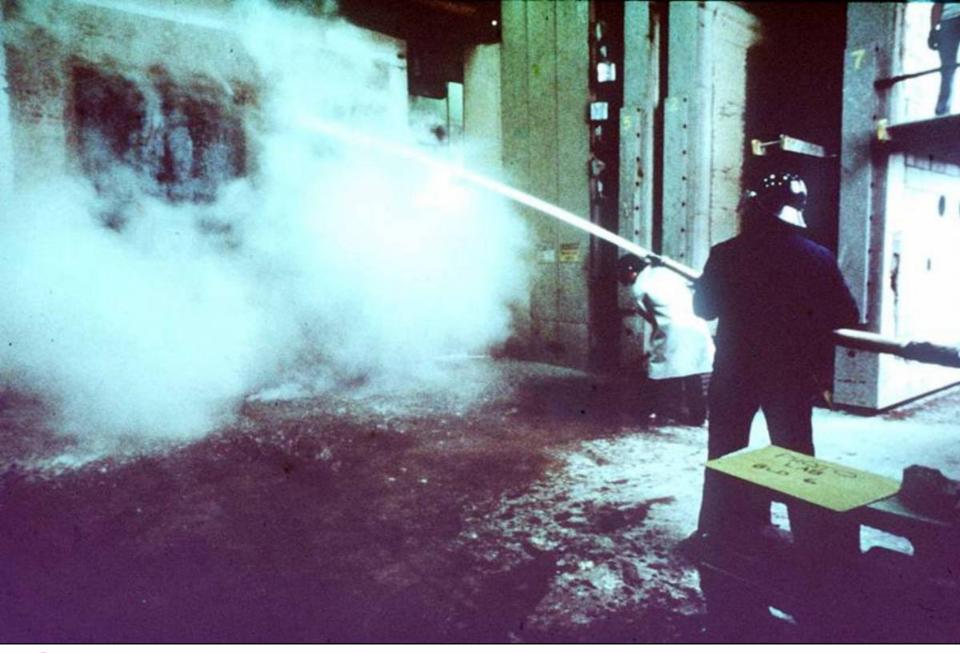


















Conditions of Acceptance – Walls

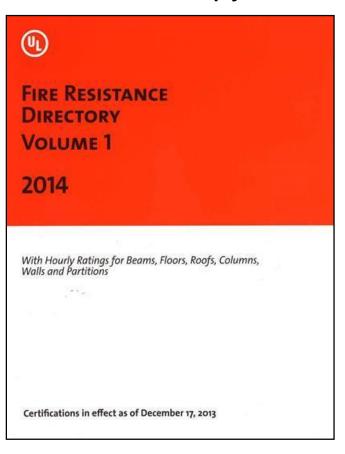
- Flame passage
- 250°F / 325°F
- Support load
- Hose stream





Where Are Listings Found?

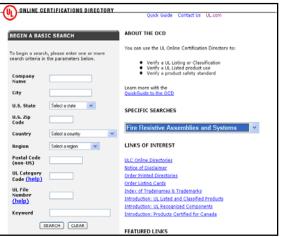
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Questions / Comments





Breaches in Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction

- Penetrations
- Joint Systems
- Opening Protectives
- Ducts and Air Transfer Openings



Code Requirements

- IBC Breaches shall be protected
 - Section 714 Penetrations
 - Section 715 Fire-Resistant Joint Systems
 - Section 716 Opening Protectives
 - Section 717 Ducts and Air Transfer Openings
- Each type of breach has a unique fire test standard associated with it which compliments ANSI/UL 263 and ASTM E119



Code Requirements

- LSC Breaches shall be protected
 - Penetrations
 - Joint Systems
 - Opening Protectives
 - Ducts and Air Transfer Openings
- Each type of breach has a unique fire test standard associated with it which compliments NFPA 251



MGM Grand Las Vegas, NV – 1980

- Fire confined to 1st floor
- 46 Stories
- •679 injured, 85 fatalities.
- Most on upper floors.





Hilton Hotel Las Vegas, NV – 1981

- Fire spread from 8th to 23rd floor in 25 minutes at exterior of building.
- 8 fatalities.





First Interstate Bank Los Angeles, CA -1988

- •Fire spread from 12th to 16th floor through improperly protected penetrations and through unprotected perimeter joint.
- Lunch bags were used to protect penetrations.
- One fatality.





One Meridian Plaza Philadelphia, PA –1991

- Fire spread from 22nd to 30th floor through improperly protected penetrations and through perimeter joint.
- Three fire fighter fatalities, 24 FF injuries.





Breaches in Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction

Does a breach really impact the performance of a fire-resistance-rated assembly?

Absolutely!!!

Unsealed or improperly sealed breaches cost lives and property!



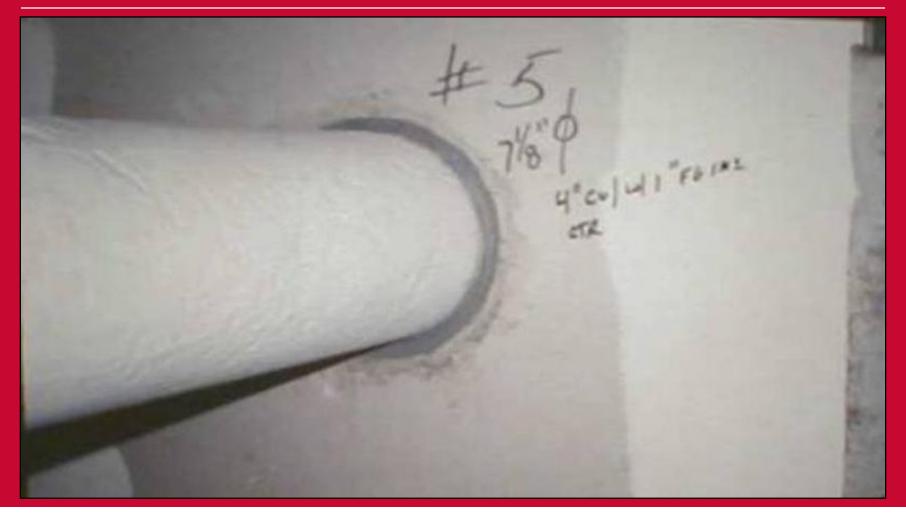


Questions / Comments





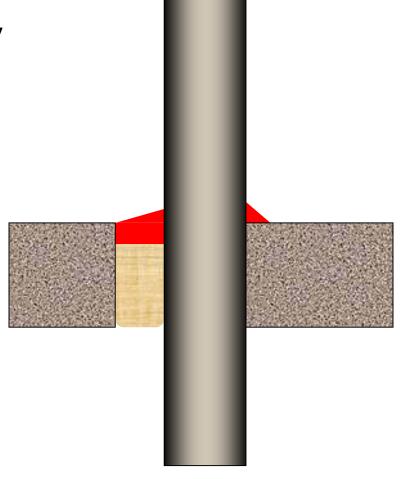
Through- and Membrane-Penetration Firestop Systems





Three Elements of a Firestop System

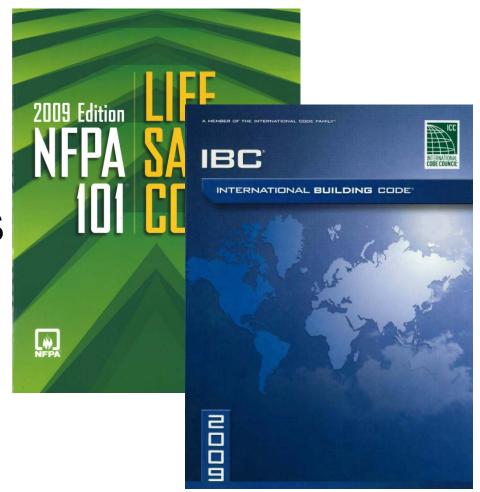
- Floor or Wall Assembly
- Penetrating Item
- Firestopping Products





Penetrations

Code
Requirements
for Penetrations





Code Requirements

- IBC Section 714 Firestop systems shall be protected by an approved penetration firestop system installed as tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479
- LSC Firestop systems or devices shall be tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479



Ratings – E814

- F Flame Occurrence
- •T Heat Transmission (+325 °F)



Ratings - ANSI/UL 1479

- F Flame Occurrence
- T Heat Transmission (+325 °F)
- L Leakage (Optional)
- W Water Leakage (Optional)



Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction

Establishing an L Rating



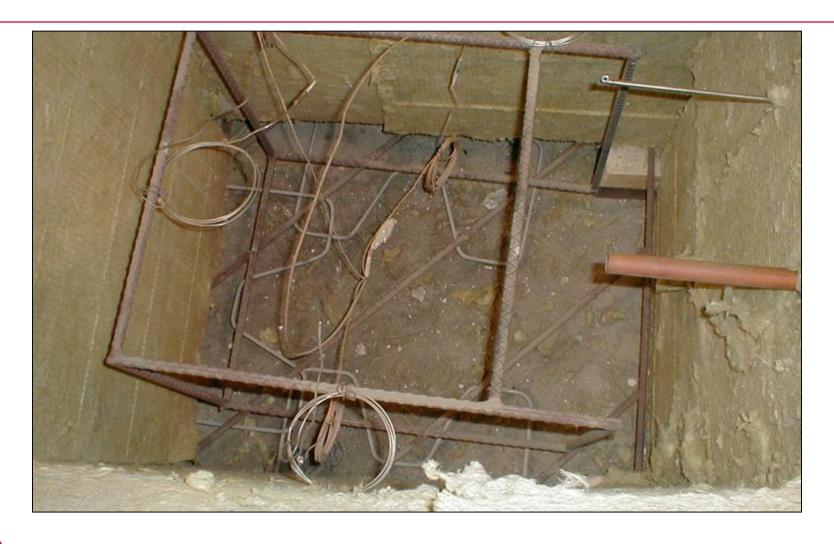


- L Rating methodology added to ANSI/UL 1479 in 1993
- Leakage determined at 0.3 in. WC
- Tested at Ambient and 400°F
- Results published in either CFM or CFM per sq ft





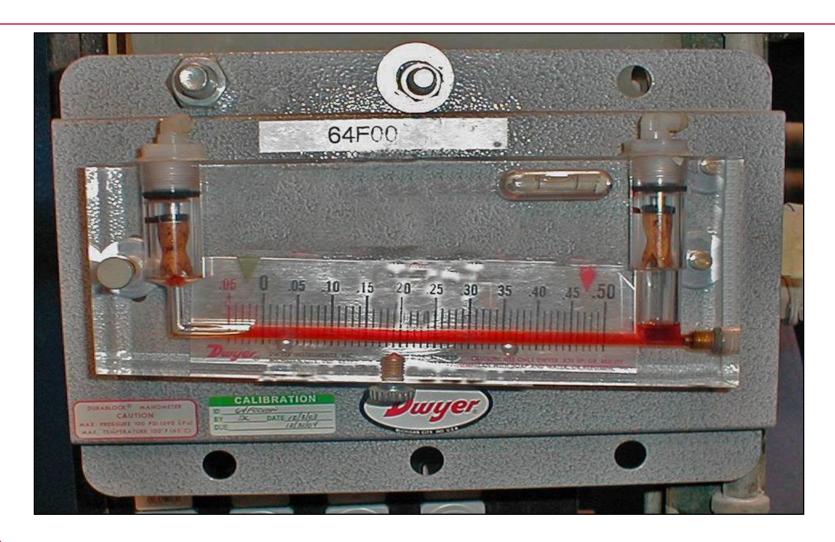














Test Procedure

- Incidental chamber leakage determined using blank slab
- Air leakage of test sample determined at ambient temperature
- Air leakage of test sample determine at 400°F
- Incidental chamber leakage rechecked after cooling



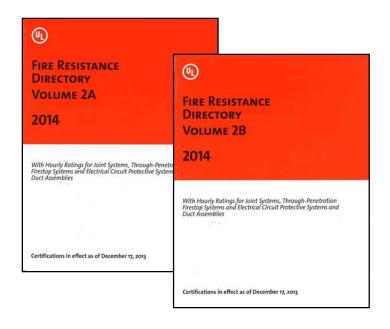
Test Procedure Cont.

- Firestop system assigned L Rating at ambient and 400°F, by subtracting incidental chamber leakage from test sample leakage
- L Ratings of firestop systems published in UL Fire Resistance Directory along with F and T Ratings



Where Are Listings Found?

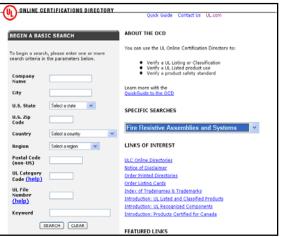
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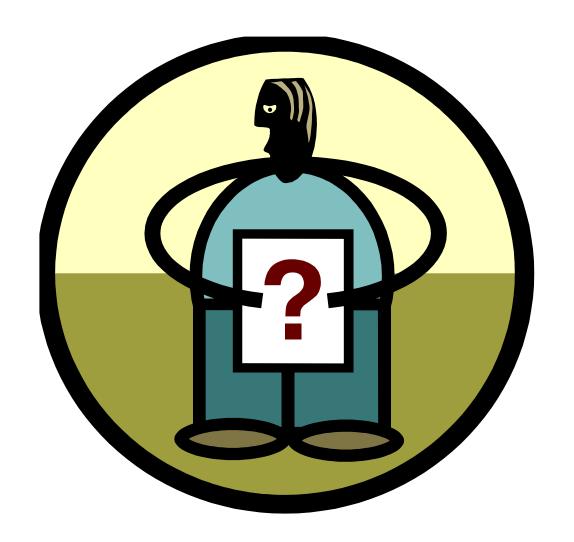
Online







Questions / Comments





Opening Protectives

Fire DoorAssemblies

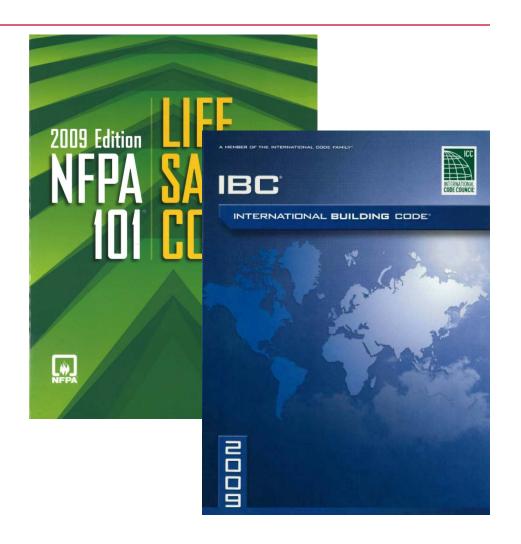
Fire Window Assemblies





Opening Protective

Code
Requirements
for Fire Door
Assemblies





IBC Code Requirements

Section 716

 716.5.1 – Side-hinged or pivoted swinging doors shall be tested to ANSI/UL 10C or NFPA 252



 716.5.2 – Other types of doors shall be tested to ANSI/UL 10B or NFPA 252



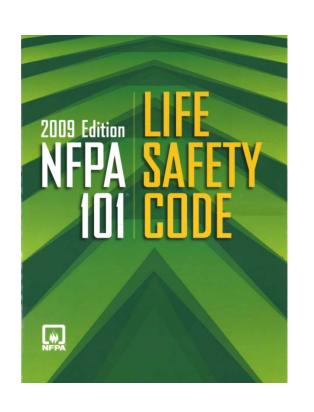
IBC Code Requirements

- 716.5.3.1 Doors in corridors and smoke barriers required to have leakage rating of 3 cfm per sq ft of door opening when tested to UL 1784
- •716.5.5 Doors in exit enclosures and exit passageways shall have maximum transmitted temperature end point of not more than 450°F for 30 minutes



Life Safety Code Requirements

 Fire protection ratings shall be determined in accordance with NFPA 252, UL 10B or UL 10C





Opening Protectives

Establishing Fire-Protection Rating



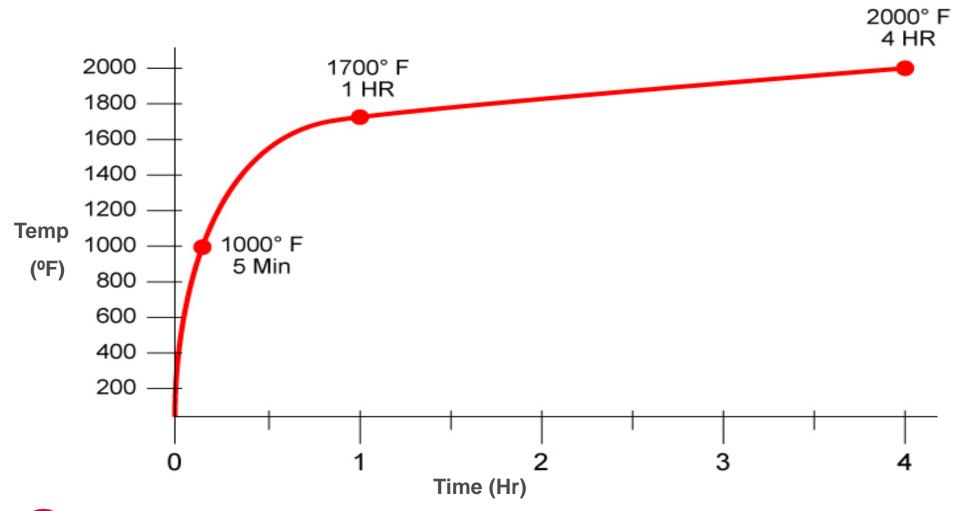


Standards

- ANSI / UL 10B
- ANSI / UL 10C
 - NFPA 252



Time - Temperature Curve















- Inside the test furnace

- Hose Stream Test
- After Full Duration Fire Exposure





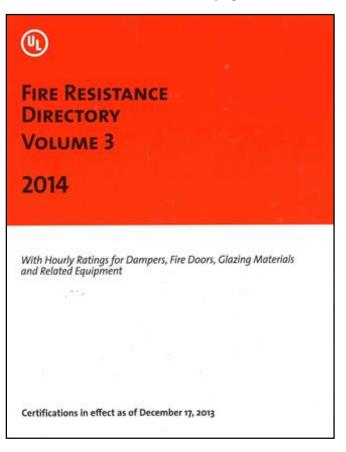
Conditions of Acceptance Fire Door Assemblies

- No Flame Passage
- No Water Penetration



Where Are Listings Found?

Hard Copy



CD-ROM

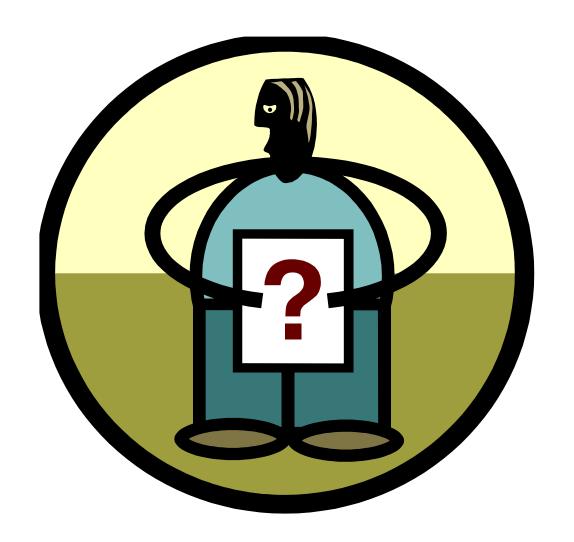








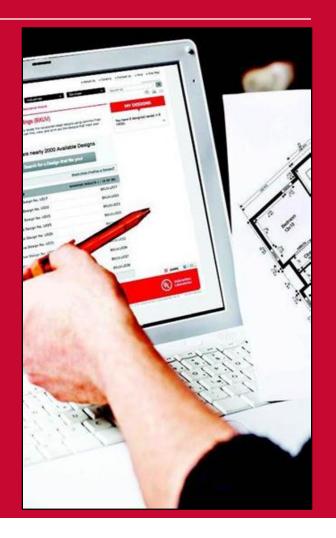
Questions / Comments





Fire Resistive Construction

UL's Online Search Tools





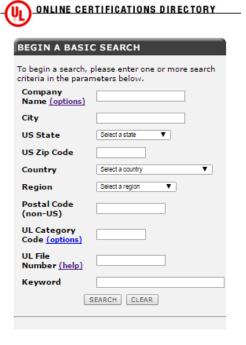
UL's Online Search Tools

- Online Certifications Directory
- Product Spec



Online Certifications Directory

- Helps you achieve code compliance
- Is continuously updated
- Needs no password
- Is free no charge for use
- www.ul.com/database





Product Spec

- Supplements OCD
- Identify designs meeting certain parameters
- Needs no password
- Is free no charge for use





Product Spec



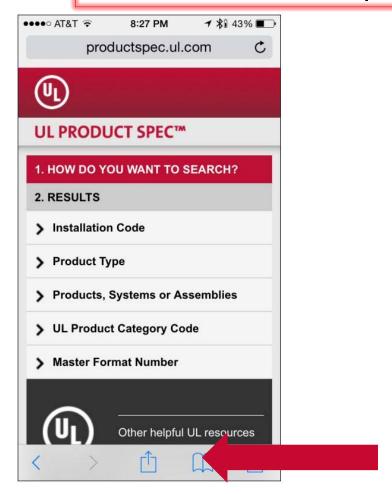
www.ul.com/productspec

- Works on all web connected devices regardless of platform or OS
- Responsive Web site- Right sizes to your screen size, smartphone, tablet or PC
- Save to the home screen on your phone or tablet home screen and it acts just like an app



On Apple IOS (I-phone and I-pad)

www.ul.com/productspec

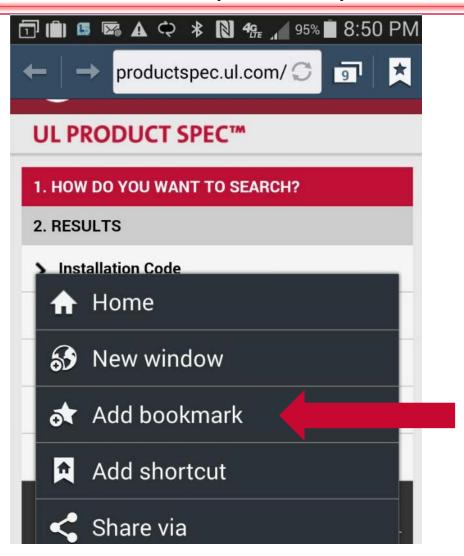






Adding Product Spec On Android

www.ul.com/productspec





Summary

- Fire Resistance Rated Construction
- Breaches in Resistance Rated Construction
- Through and Membrane Penetration Fire Stop Systems
- Opening Protectives
- Where To Find Related Information



Thank You for Attending!!!

Jon Roberts
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